Colonial Violence in Victoria

Dr Bill Pascoe, University of Melbourne and University of Newcastle

Acknowledgements

Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung, Kulin Nation

Awabakal, Worimi

Yagera, Kabi Kabi

Warning

This presentation discusses extreme cases of historical violence.

Graphic details will be avoided.

Colonial Frontier Massacres Project

Professor Lyndall Ryan

Commenced in 2014

Nearing completion with volunteer effort

Historians and Knowledge holders and truth tellers Project:

Lyndall Ryan, Jennifer Debenham, Chris Owen, Robyn Smith, Jonathan Richards, Robert Anders, Stephanie Gilbert, Kaine Usher, Dan Price.

Learnings from*:

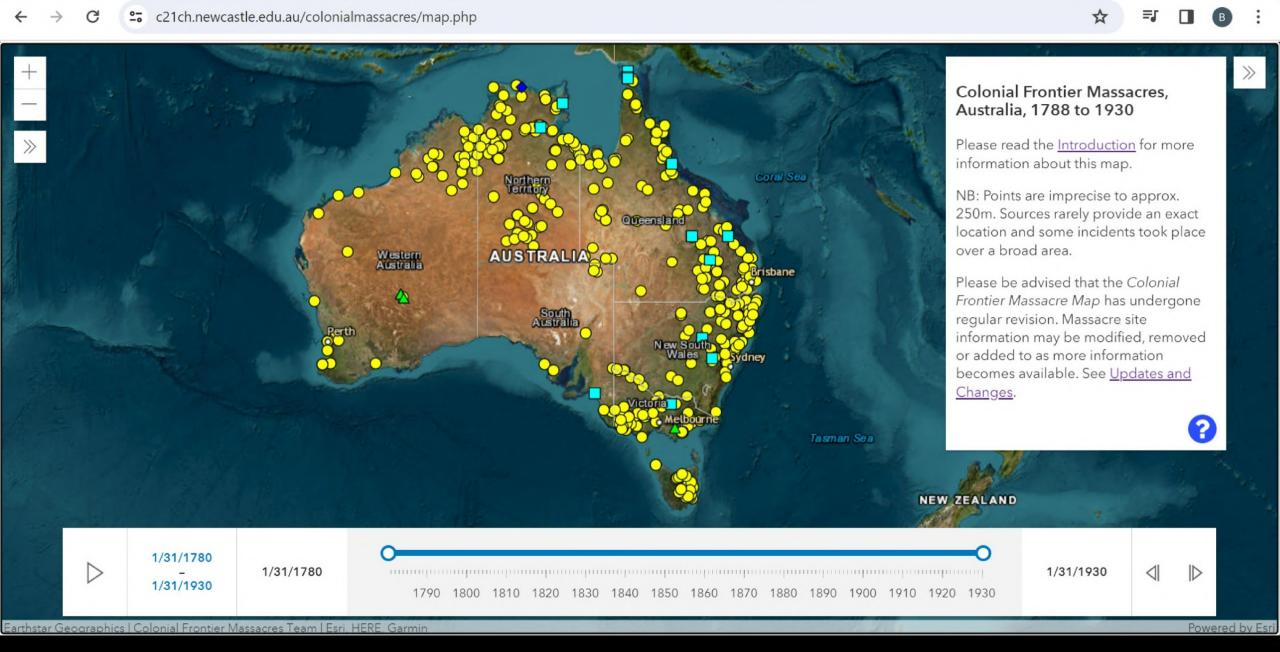
Lyall Munro Jnr, Gillar Mike Anderson, Boe Spearim, Rachel Perkins, Gary Foley, Marcia Langton, Clifford Possum Tjappaltjarri, Brooke Collins-Gearing, Aileen Moreton-Robinson, Godfrey Stanner, Henry Reynolds,

Ray Kerkhove, Stephen Gapps, Callum Clayton Dixon, Amanda Nettelbeck, Robert Foster, P Gardner,

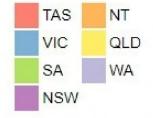
and many, many more.

Consultation & Collaboration

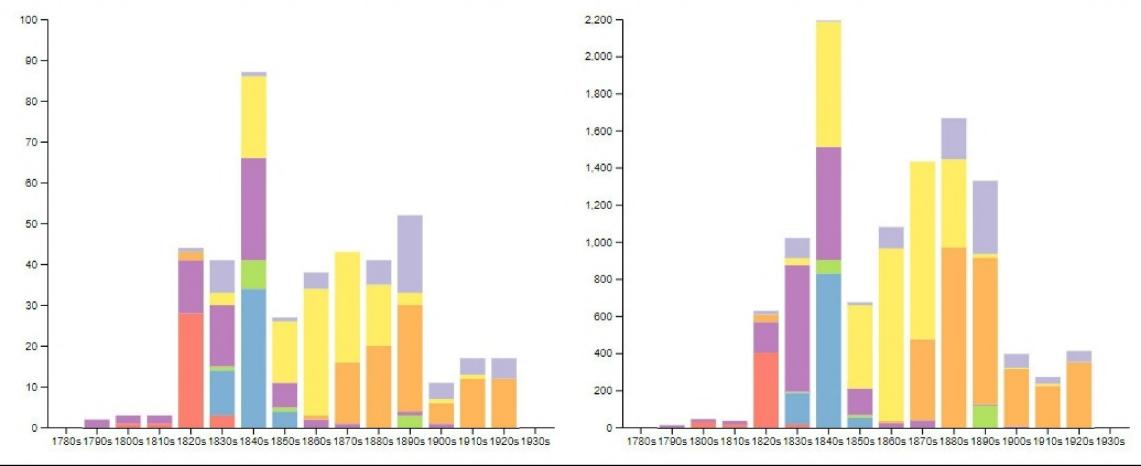
- Prof. Ryan's life time of experience and contacts
- Sessions at Wollotuka, UON
- AIATSIS meetings
- Advisors and staff
- Community visits
- Conferences
- Conversations
- Online feedback form



Change Over Time



Total Frontier Massacres by Decade and by State Total Victims of Frontier Massacres by Decade and by State



Findings

(conservative estimates, of recorded massacres of 6 or more people)

	Australia	Victoria
Massacres:	426	49
Massacres of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander people by Colonists:	404	46
Massacres of Colonists by Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander people:	13	1
Massacres of Aboriginal people by Aboriginal people:	5	2
Total Victims of Frontier Massacres:	11,206	1053
Aboriginal people or Torres Strait Islanders victims of massacres by Colonists:	10,088	1045
Colonist victims of massacres by Aboriginal people or Torres Strait Islanders:	159	8
Frontier massacres involving agents of the state in the attack:	216 or 51%	8 or 16%

8 Massacres In Victoria Involving 'Agents of the State'

Site Name Restdown Plains Station Campaspe River	Language Group , Djadjawurrung	Victims 40	Attackers Mounted Police	Date 1839-06-01	URL https://c21ch.newcastle.edu.au/colonalmassacres/detail.php?r=508
Victoria Range	Djabwurrung or Nundadjali	20	Native Police	1843-08-06	https://c21ch.newcastle.edu.au/colonialmassacres/detail.php?r=542
Fitzroy River, Western District	Dhauwurd wurrung	10	Native Police	1843-09-01	https://c21ch.newcastle.edu.au/colonialmassacres/detail.php?r=543
Crawford River	Dhauwurd wurrung or Wulluwurrung	9	Native Police	1843-09-01	https://c21ch.newcastle.edu.au/colonialmassacres/detail.php?r=544
Clunie, Glenelg River	Nundadjali or Mardidjali	6	Native Police	1843-11-01	https://c21ch.newcastle.edu.au/colonialmassacres/detail.php?r=545
Mt Arapiles / Dyurrite	Mardidjali	6	Native Police	1845-07-01	https://c21ch.newcastle.edu.au/colonialmassacres/detail.php?r=548
Snowy River	Tatungalung or Krauatungalang	50	Native Police	1846-12-20	https://c21ch.newcastle.edu.au/colonialmassacres/detail.php?r=550
Aire River Estuary, Cape Otway	e Gadubanud	8	Government Surveyor	1846-08-01	https://c21ch.newcastle.edu.au/colonialmassacres/detail.php?r=743

Government Culpability

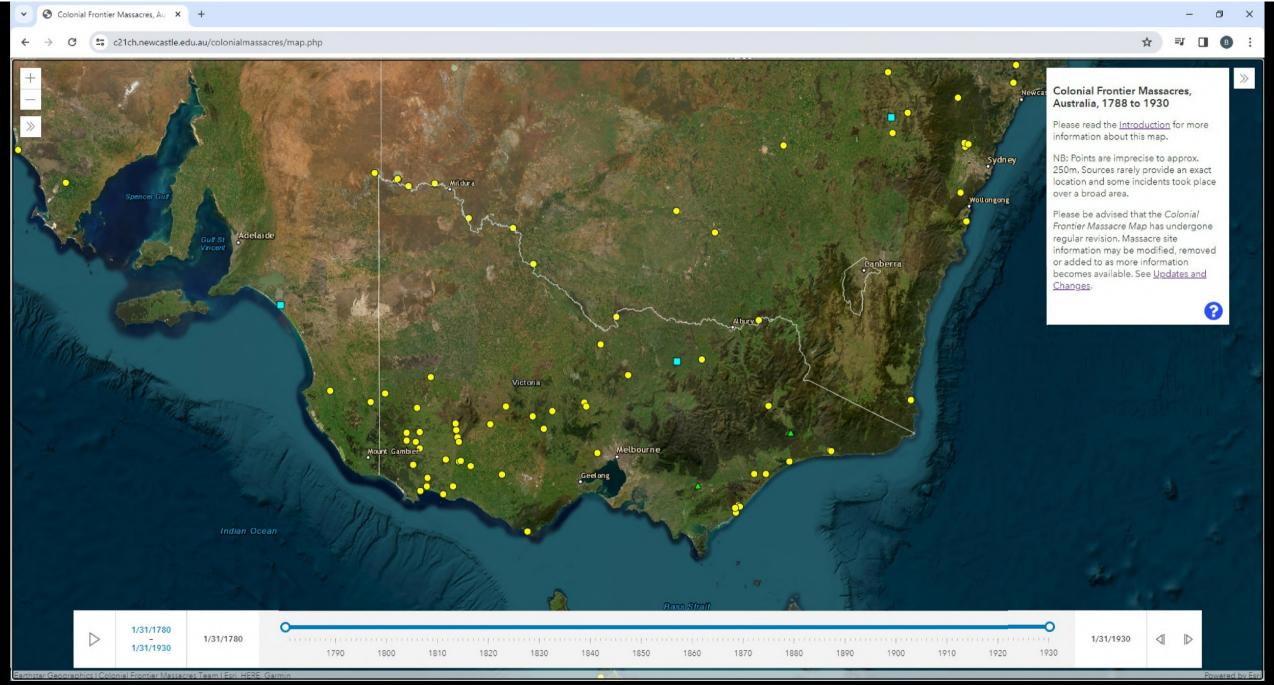
- De jure and de facto
- The Irish mounted police model
 - Convict uprising
 - Bushranging
 - Indigenous insurgence
- Limits of Location and squatting
- Gov. Gipps' dilemma
 - Squatters petition, 1838
 - Reformist British Government
 - The 'military mounted police'
 - Government 'control' of violence
 - Code of silence and Myall Creek
 - Practice established: police and militia posses as de facto military
- Small Wars Major General Sir Charles Edward Callwell, 1896
- Vested interests: eg, the AA company and a blind eye

Escalation to War

- Occupation and exploitation of resources
- Destruction of lands and waters
- Sexual violence
- Violation of sacred sites
- Draconian British law

Indigenous Resistance

- Economic warfare
- Targeted killing
- Strategic use of lands and waters, eg: Eumeralla strongholds
- Strategic coordination of action across great distances
- Spies in colonial employ
- Tactical advantages, eg: knowledge of country, stealth, food



https://c21ch.newcastle.edu.au/colonialmassacres/map.php

War In The South East

THE simultaneous aggressive movement of the Aborigines throughout the entire colony, and along its boundaries, commenced in 1842, and continued through the two or three succeeding years, belongs to the history of the country.

For more than two years the **warfare** which the blacks waged upon the stations situate along the boundaries of the colony, from one extreme to the other, was universal, implacable, and incessant.

So simultaneous, indeed, and so general was the movement, that, did we not know, from the habits and condition of the blacks, that such a thing would be impossible, a belief would be encouraged that the onslaught of the Aborigines on the lives and property of the settlers was the result of **a perfect organisation**, effected with all the aids of negosiation, secret intrigue, and general assemblies.

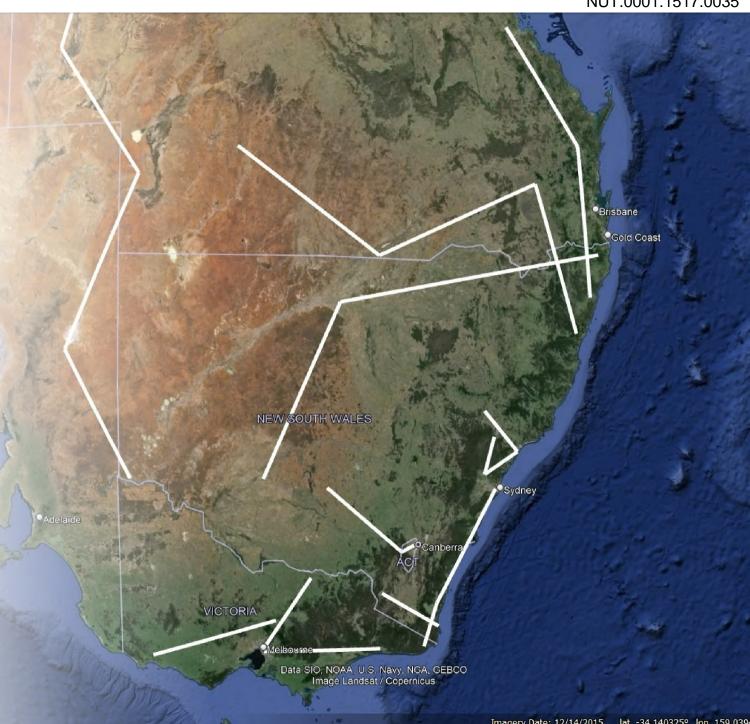
From Wide Bay to Port Phillip, the organization seemed to extend, and scarcely a day elapsed without tidings reaching the city of some remote station being driven in, some flock driven away or speared, some shepherd or hutkeeper being wounded or killed.

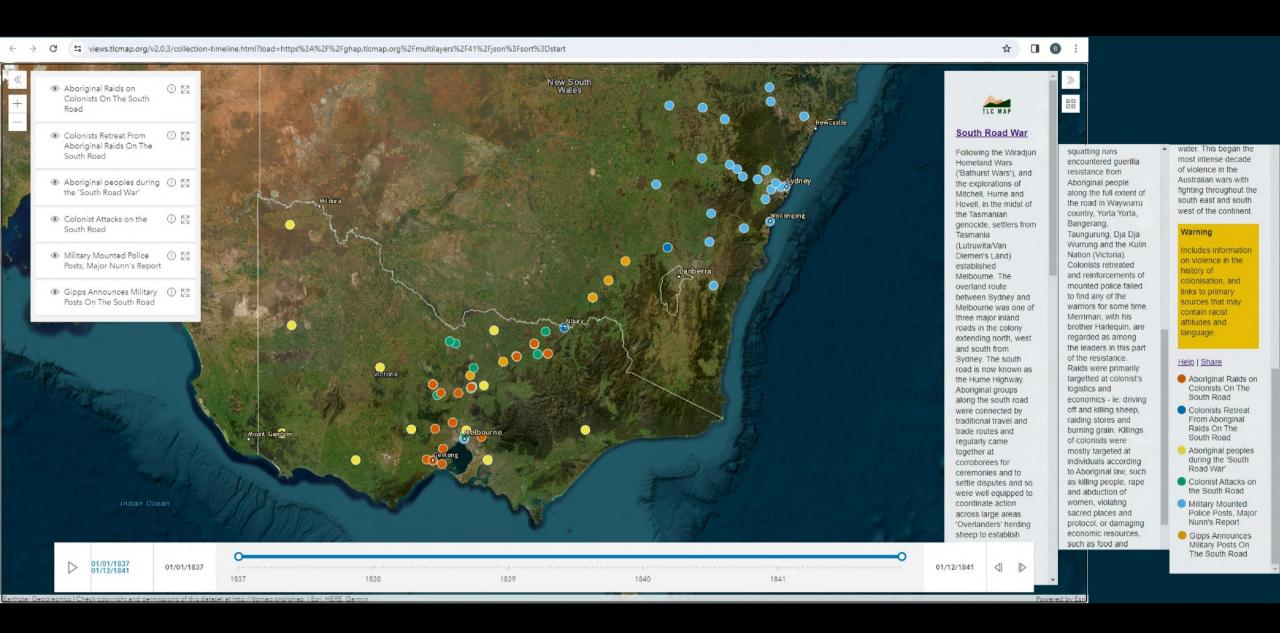
"THE ABORIGINES OF AUSTRALIA." Empire (Sydney, NSW : 1850 - 1875) 15 April 1854: 3. Web. 23 Mar 2024 http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-article60151188.

Provided by Ray Kerkhove

Some Major Murri and Koori **Journey Way Networks** (trade feasts and travel)

- Smoked Eel and Greenstone
- Mallee to Pitjuri
- Kulin & Kurnai Corroboree
- **Bundian Way**
- Ngan Girra
- Wiradjuri Bogong
- **Black Duck Way**
- Whale, mullet and Yengo circuits
- Ngunnhu
- Bunya





https://ghap.tlcmap.org/multilayers/41 NOTE: Working title / provisional name only.

The Pattern in Victoria

Whaling and Sealing
South Road War
Eumeralla War
Gippsland War
Murray River War

Legacy of Violence

Negative spiral of intergenerational trauma.

What is inside the massacre?

What comes after the massacre?

For those who see their friends and family die, the massacres continue.

Every generation, another form of violence, another form of resistance.

Sovereignty never ceded.

'Survival'

Additional Material

Timeline Example massacres

Timeline in Victoria, 1824 - 35

- 1824 Hume and Hovell.
- 1825 NSW Mounted Police established, on the Irish model.
- 1826 1828 failed Western Port settlement.
- 1829 Limits of Location proclaimed.
- 1834 Settlement at Portland.
- 1834 First massacre in Victoria, Convincing Ground.
- 1835 Batman at Melbourne.
- 1835 Whigg reformist government in Britain, to 1841.

Timeline in Victoria, 1836-37

- 1836 Mitchell crosses Murray into 'Australia Felix'. Massacre at Mt Dispersion. (First People of the Millewa-Mallee)
- 1836 Massacres on the overland, 'South Road' war commences, to 1841. (Merriman, Harlequin) (Yorta Yorta, Taungurung, Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung, Wadawurrung, Bunurong, Dja Dja Wurrung, Gunaikurnai, ???)
- 1837 Gov. Bourke approves Hoddle plan for Melbourne. Overland mail route.
- 1837 Gov. Gipps to 1846.
- 1837 Langhorne appointed as 'Missionary' to 'protect' Aboriginal people.
- 1837 Native Police established, firstly under de Villier.

Timeline in Victoria, 1838

- 1838 Faithfull Massacre, colonists killed.
- 1838 Indigenous resistance forces colonists to retreat.
- 1838 Major Nunn's massacre expedition in Kamilaroi country (NSW).
- 1838 Myall Creek Massacre (NSW).
- 1838 Squatters petition Gipps to send troops, threatening to take matters into their own hands.
- 1838 Gipps officially refuses to levy war against Aboriginal people as 'British subjects', and refuses to sanction colonists' 'indiscriminate retaliation'.
- 1838 British army no longer participate in frontier conflict.
- 1838 Gipps sends 'Mounted Police' recruited from active and retired military and acts on Major Nunn's plans for more bases on the Overland.
- 1838 Eumeralla War commences, to 1844 / 1854 Tykoohe, Tarerer, Partpoarmein (Gunditj Mirring, Eastern Maar, Barengi Gadjin, Dja Dja Wurrung, Wadawurrung)

Timeline in Victoria, 1839 - 42

- 1839 Border Police established.
- 1839 George Augustus Robinson appointed 'Chief Protector', to 1849.
- 1939 Murray River wars to about 1848 (overland to Adelaide meets hub of songline network) (First People of the Millewa-Mallee).
- 1840 Mass arrest of 200 near Melbourne, daring escape of some, 33 resistance fighters jailed, including Jagga Jagga, Winberry and Billy Hamilton. ('South Road' War)
- 1840 Gipps bans supply of guns to Aboriginal people, and Aboriginal people from possessing them (the ban later disallowed by Britain).
- 1840 1st surge in Gippsland wars to about 1844. (Gunaikurnai)
- 1842 Henry Dana appointed leader of Native Police.
- 1842 Tykoohe, Tarerer, Partpoarmein resistance leaders raid stations, are arrested, freed and continue raids. (Eumeralla War)
- 1842 Colonists continue to complain of government inaction and request protection.

Timeline in Victoria, 1845 - 54

- 1843 'Highland Brigade' massacres (Gunaikurnai)
- 1845 Colonists in the Wimmera petition for Native Police presence. (Barengi Gadjin)
- 1845 Cpt. Dana increases Native Police to 50.
- 1847 'White woman' expeditions around Snowy River (Gunaikurnai).
- 1848 2nd surge of Gippsland Wars to 1851 (Gunaikurnai)
- 1848 Mr Walsh and Native Police dispatched to Gippsland (Gunaikurnai).
- 1851 Colony of Victoria declared.
- 1854 Last massacres in Victoria: Apsley, Wimmera and Murderer's Flat, Lake Condah.

Some Example Massacres

Convincing Ground

(resources, lands and waters, 'teach them a lesson' attitude) https://c21ch.newcastle.edu.au/colonialmassacres/detail.php?r=503

Mt Dispersion

(Explorer, Mitchell) https://c21ch.newcastle.edu.au/colonialmassacres/detail.php?r=575

The Faithfull Massacre

(massacre of colonists)

https://c21ch.newcastlé.edu.au/colonialmassacres/detail.php?r=506

Warrigal Creek Group

('Highland Brigade' extermination expedition)

https://c21ch.newcastle.edu.au/colonialmassacres/detail.php?r=537

Murderers Flat, Darlot's Creek, Lake Condah Mission

(oral history)

https://c21ch.newcastle.edu.au/colonialmassacres/detail.php?r=556

Eumerella

(Resistance leaders, Tykoohe and Tarerer, stock raids) https://c21ch.newcastle.edu.au/colonialmassacres/detail.php?r=533

Some Example Massacres

Snowv River

(complex situation, many sides, conflicting information) https://c21ch.newcastle.edu.au/colonialmassacres/detail.php?r=550

Maiden Hills

(skulls mounted over doors)

https://c21ch.newcastle.edú.au/colonialmassacres/detail.php?r=512

Rufus River Group

(intersection of songlines and overland, relevant to Millewa and Mallee peoples, over NSW border but modern borders are arbitrary, SA 'Protector' involved in massacres) https://c21ch.newcastle.edu.au/colonialmassacres/detail.php?r=529

Restdown Plains Stations

(pursuit over 30kms over several days) https://c21ch.newcastle.edu.au/colonialmassacres/detail.php?r=508

Connell's Ford

(poisoning)

https://c21ch.newcastle.edu.au/colonialmassacres/detail.php?r=524

Mt Napier

(30 mėn, women and children)

https://c21ch.newcastle.edu.au/colonialmassacres/detail.php?r=552

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